Unit 8 Developing and Maintaining Relationships

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Objectives

Explain key aspects of interpersonal relationships Understand how and why we form relationships Understand that every relationship has advantages and disadvantages

Objectives

Consider how people in relationships choose to divulge or withhold personal information

Outline the predictable stages of most relationships

Interpersonal Relationships

The interconnections and interdependence between two individuals





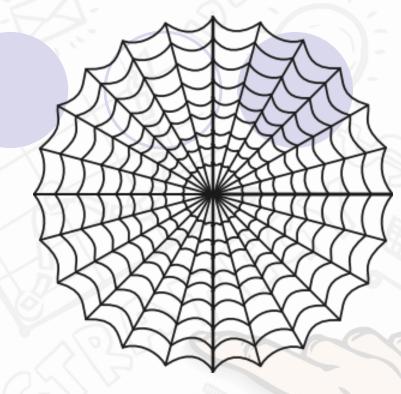
Interpersonal Relationships

The exchange of verbal and nonverbal messages between <u>two</u> people who have a relationship and are influenced by their partner's messages



Relational Network

A web of relationships that connect individuals to one another







Family **Small social group** bound by ties of blood, civil contract, and a commitment to care for one another



Friendship

Close and caring relationship between two people

Perceived as mutually satisfying and beneficial



Romantic Relationships

Love

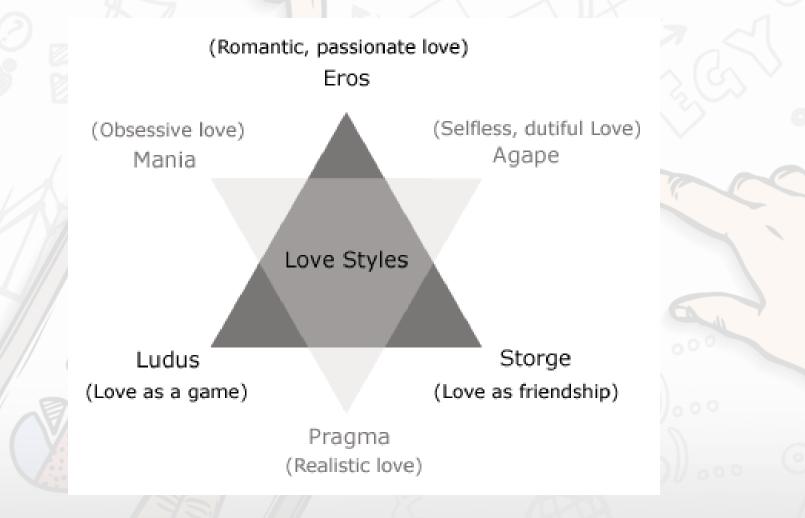
 "deep affection for and attachment to another person"

Intimacy

"Closeness and understanding of of a relational partner"



Love Styles



Online Relationships • Virtual relationships • Hyperpersonal communication





Why We Form Relationships

Companionship
Stimulation
Achieving goals
Proximity
Physical attraction
Similarity



Managing Relationship Dynamics

 $v_j = 2 \sum_{k>0} \frac{1}{(-27)^k (6k+j)^2}$ **Costs and rewards** $v = (\operatorname{vol}(X), v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4, v_5) \in \mathbb{R}^6$ Social exchange of $m = (-1, 9, -9, -12, -3, 1) \in \mathbb{Z}^6$ costs and benefits $v \cdot m = 0$ $\Gamma = \left\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\omega & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle \qquad 1 + \omega + \omega^2 = 0$ Rewards **Extrinsic (e.g. social status)** Instrumental (e.g. saving on rent) Intrinsic (e.g. feeling of safety) Costs

 $X = S^3 \setminus 4_1 = H^3 / \Gamma$

Managing Relationship Dynamics

Reducing Uncertainty

Uncertainty reduction theory
Passive strategies
Active Strategies
Interactive Strategies



Dialectical Tensions

Autonomy vs. Connection Openness vs. Closedness Predictability vs. Novelty

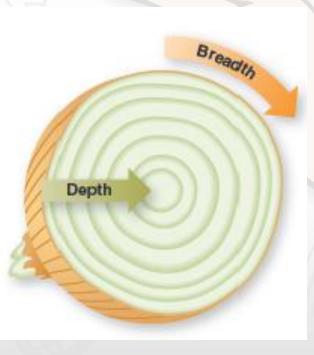


Self-Disclosure and Relationships

Social Penetration Theory (SPT)

How relationships move from superficial levels to levels of intimacy





Self-Disclosure and Relationships

Communication Privacy Management Theory (CPM)

We own private information

We control that information

*Information has the potential to make someone vulnerable.

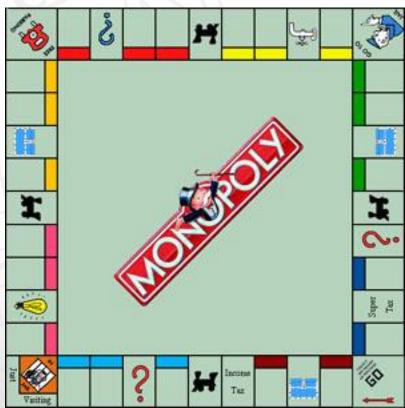
*We have the right to control our private information.

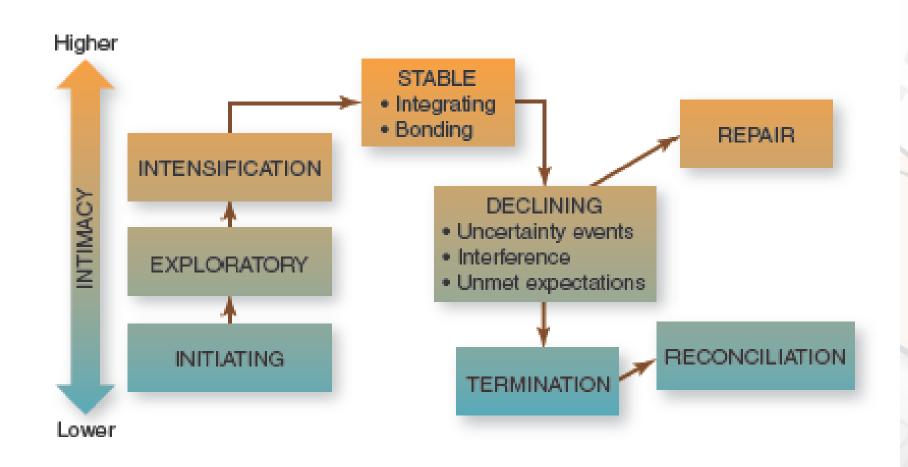


Self-Disclosure and Relationships

Strategic Topic Avoidance

- Maneuvering the conversation away from undesirable topics
 - **Keep silent**
 - **Give unrelated response**
 - Lie
 - **End conversation**





Initiating Stage

Make contact with another

Many relationships don't move beyond this stage

Exploratory Stage
Small talk
Uncertainty reduction



Intensification Stage
 Personal self-disclosure
 Share affection verbally
 Pet names



Stable Stage

Integrating or becoming one

Bonding by sharing public messages about relationship



Declining Stage Uncertainty Events Interference (with growth) **Unmet expectations "Perfect couples never** argue." **Relationship Repair Repair tactics**



Termination Stage
 Passing away
 Relationship gradually fades
 Sudden death
 Unexpected termination for one partner



Reconciliation

Spontaneous development
Third-party mediation
High affect
Tacit persistence
Mutual interaction
Avoidance

